

SOLAR PLANNING FUNDING OPTIONS

Board of Trustees
Resources Committee
February 2, 2021



AGENDA

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
- 3 FINANCIAL OPTIONS EXAMPLE
- 4 FINANCIAL SUMMARY
- 5 RECOMMENDATION & STRATEGIES

Goals and Objectives



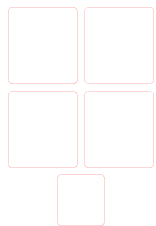
- ❑ Identified feasible locations of solar PV arrays and battery storage systems
- ❑ Set renewable goals of 100%, 50% and 25% energy offset
- ❑ Discussed the **positive** environmental and social impact to the community
- ❑ This presentation will discuss a detailed funding options:
 - Analysis
 - Risk factors
 - Assumptions
 - 25-year cash-flow

Renewable Delivery Method Options



Purchase to **Own** “loan finance”

- Traditional project delivery
- Cost of financing drives analysis
- Less expensive life-cycle cost
- District responsible for construction and O&M
- More flexibility in future modifications
- Control over construction cost and quality



Power Purchase **Agreements** “PPA”

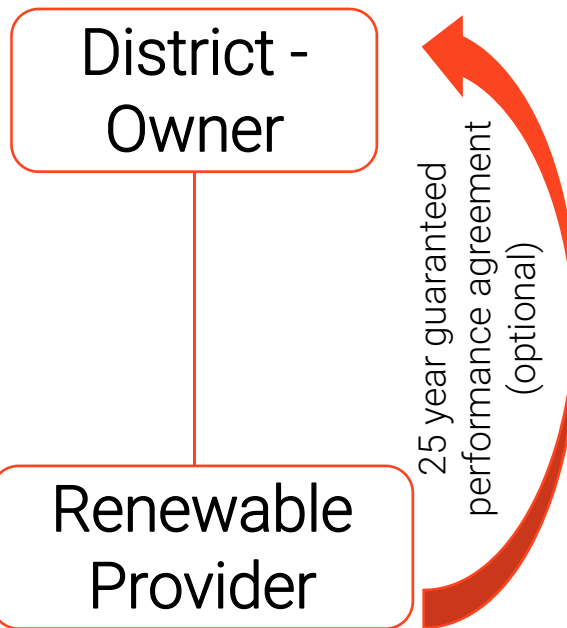
- Traditional solar delivery
- PPA rate drives analysis
- Third parties typically have better buying power
- Third party responsible for construction and O&M
- Contractual terms offer restrictions and penalties
- PPA provider takes lead on construction and procurement of equipment

Renewable Delivery Option

Purchase to Own (loan)

RCCD:

- Owns
- Finances
- Operates
- Maintains



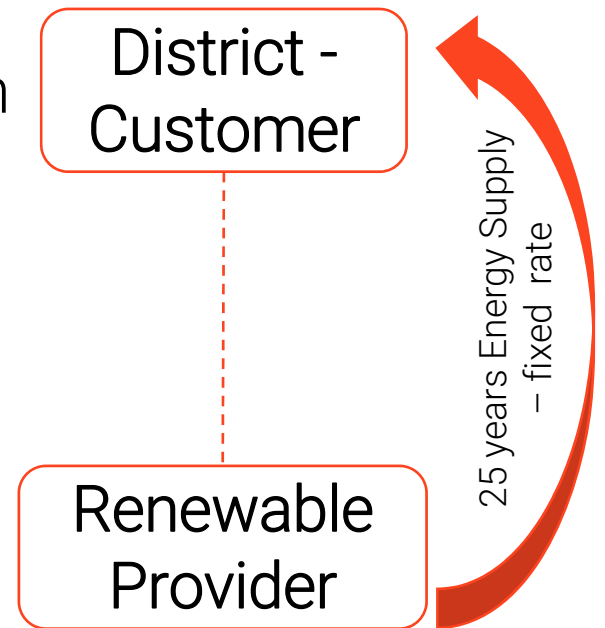
RCCD Contractor:

- Designs
- Builds
- Permits
- Guarantees Performance- (optional and requires O&M agreement)

Power Purchase Agreement

RCCD:

- Provides Long-Term Ground Lease



PPA Provider:

- Owns
- Finances
- Designs
- Builds
- Permits
- Guarantees Performance
- Operates
- Maintains

Financial Analysis Assumptions

First year performance



Predicted energy generation from the solar array in the first year of operation

Solar performance degradation



Expected reduction in performance from the solar modules – 0.5% annually

First year cost avoidance



Expected funds not used to purchase electricity due to the installation of renewables

Operation & Maintenance costs



Annual cost expected to operate and maintain renewable assets

Interest rate



Cost of loan assumed in the analysis – 3%

Term



Length of the analysis (life-span of solar)– 25 years

Utility escalation



Factor used to escalate utility costs – 2.5% annual

Life Cycle



Anticipated for solar/battery system– 25 years
Anticipated for inverter/battery cells - 12-14 years

Renewables Estimated Costs

Cost of Solar & Battery System

- Roof-top \$2.75/W
- Carport \$3.75/W
- Canopy \$4.25/W
- Ground mount \$2.95/W
- Battery Storage \$1.50/W

Cost of Operation & Maintenance

- Solar \$12.5/kW
- Battery \$7.5/kW
- 1.5% annual escalation

PPA

- \$0.12+/kWhr rate for electricity
- PPA terms are typically 25 years
- 0% annual escalation

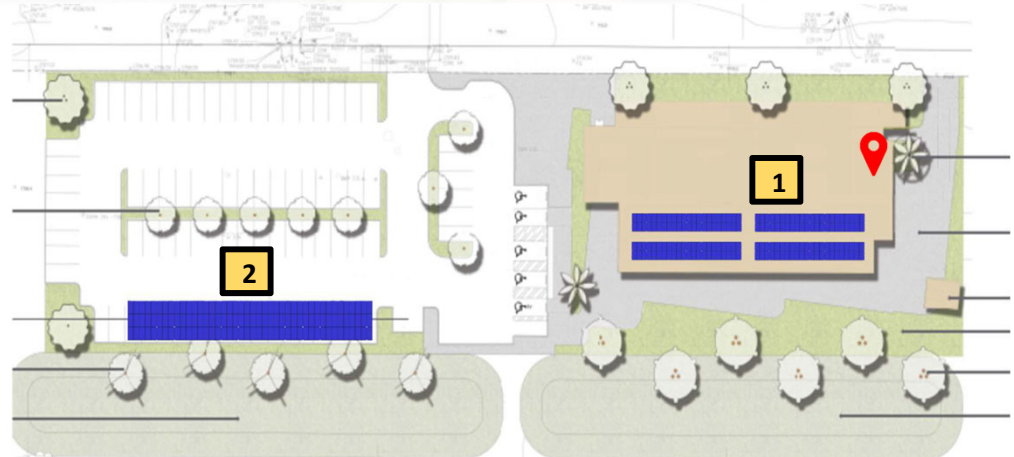
Loan Finance

- Interest rate is estimated at 3%
- Loan terms are generally 25 years



Incentive

- Solar = not available
- Battery = not factored

Districtwide Renewable Projects



100% Energy Offset = (9.75 mW)
 50% Energy Offset = (7.73 mW)
 25% Energy Offset = (5.54 mW)

-  Battery Energy Storage System
-  Solar Arrays

Financial Summaries - All Sites

LOAN FINANCE OPTION – (SOLAR + BATTERY)

Site/Campus	100% Option		50% Option		25% Option	
	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow
Moreno Valley College	\$6,964,259	(\$795,011)	\$3,886,061	\$561,572	\$2,283,343	\$1,267,901
Ben Clark Training Center	\$510,334	\$99,179	\$510,334	\$99,179	\$510,334	\$99,179
Norco College	\$6,727,375	\$1,977,762	\$3,776,223	\$617,440	\$2,321,237	\$805,214
Riverside City College ★	\$13,891,703	\$2,640,497	\$13,891,703	\$2,670,497	\$9,172,556	\$2,752,308
Downtown	\$1,402,550	\$179,139	\$1,402,550	\$179,139	\$1,402,550	\$179,139
Total	\$29,496,221	\$4,131,566	\$23,466,871	\$4,127,827	\$15,690,020	\$5,103,741

POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT – SOLAR + BATTERY)

Site/Campus	100% Option		50% Option		25% Option	
	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow	Project Budget	25-Y cashflow
Moreno Valley College	\$6,964,259	(\$1,994,121)	\$3,886,061	(\$174,680)	\$2,283,343	\$157,105
Ben Clark Training Center	\$510,334	\$90,434	\$510,334	\$90,434	\$510,334	\$90,434
Norco College	\$6,727,375	(\$6,122,141)	\$3,776,223	(\$3,684,109)	\$2,321,237	(\$2,750,814)
Riverside City College ★	\$13,891,703	(\$13,804,800)	\$13,891,703	(\$13,804,800)	\$9,172,556	(\$9,698,589)
Downtown	\$1,402,550	(\$1,102,206)	\$1,402,550	(\$1,102,206)	\$1,402,550	(\$1,102,206)
Total	\$29,496,221	(\$22,932,835)	\$23,466,871	(\$18,675,362)	\$15,690,020	(\$13,304,071)

★ Riverside City College max. renewable capacity is 42%

Loan Finance Cash Flow Example – Year 1

50% Renewable Energy – All Sites

Electricity Utility Cost without Solar

Cost of Consumption	\$1,441,280
Cost of Demand	\$1,078,009
Misc./Taxes	\$448,723
Total Electricity Utility Costs without Solar (A)	\$2,968,012

Electricity Utility Cost with Solar

Total Electricity Utility Costs without Solar	\$2,968,012
Less, Savings from Solar Implementation	(\$1,264,272)
Net Electricity Utility Costs with Solar	\$1,703,740
Plus, Loan Payments	\$1,347,652
Plus, Operations and Maintenance	\$83,805
Total Electricity Utility Cost with Solar (B)	\$3,135,197

Amount of Additional Budget Required Year 1 (A-B) **(\$167,186)**

Capacity Building – Potential additional costs and opportunities such as personnel for solar maintenance and management; educational internships; workforce training.

Loan Finance Cash Flow

50% Renewable Energy – All Sites

	A	B	C	D	E	F = (C+D+E)	G	H= (F-A)+B+G	J = (F-H)
Year	Cost avoidance	Loan Payment	Cost of Consumption	Cost of Demand	misc & taxes	Total Electric Cost w/o	Solar + BESS O&M Costs	Total Electric Cost w / solar	Difference
1	\$ 1,264,272	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,441,280	\$ 1,078,009	\$ 448,723	\$ 2,968,013	\$ 83,805	\$ 3,135,199	\$ (167,186)
2	\$ 1,291,453	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,477,312	\$ 1,104,960	\$ 366,180	\$ 2,948,452	\$ 85,062	\$ 3,089,714	\$ (141,261)
3	\$ 1,319,227	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,514,245	\$ 1,132,584	\$ 375,335	\$ 3,022,164	\$ 86,338	\$ 3,136,928	\$ (114,764)
4	\$ 1,347,605	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,552,101	\$ 1,160,898	\$ 384,718	\$ 3,097,718	\$ 87,633	\$ 3,185,399	\$ (87,681)
5	\$ 1,376,600	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,590,904	\$ 1,189,921	\$ 394,336	\$ 3,175,161	\$ 88,948	\$ 3,235,160	\$ (60,000)
6	\$ 1,406,228	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,630,676	\$ 1,219,669	\$ 404,195	\$ 3,254,540	\$ 90,282	\$ 3,286,246	\$ (31,706)
7	\$ 1,436,501	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,671,443	\$ 1,250,160	\$ 414,299	\$ 3,335,903	\$ 91,636	\$ 3,338,691	\$ (2,788)
8	\$ 1,467,434	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,713,229	\$ 1,281,414	\$ 424,657	\$ 3,419,301	\$ 93,011	\$ 3,392,530	\$ 26,771
9	\$ 1,499,041	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,756,060	\$ 1,313,450	\$ 435,273	\$ 3,504,783	\$ 94,406	\$ 3,447,800	\$ 56,983
10	\$ 1,531,338	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,799,962	\$ 1,346,286	\$ 446,155	\$ 3,592,403	\$ 95,822	\$ 3,504,540	\$ 87,863
11	\$ 1,564,338	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,844,961	\$ 1,379,943	\$ 457,309	\$ 3,682,213	\$ 97,259	\$ 3,562,786	\$ 119,427
12	\$ 1,598,059	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,891,085	\$ 1,414,442	\$ 468,742	\$ 3,774,268	\$ 98,718	\$ 3,622,579	\$ 151,689
13	\$ 1,632,516	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,938,362	\$ 1,449,803	\$ 480,460	\$ 3,868,625	\$ 907,396	\$ 4,491,157	\$ (622,532)
14	\$ 1,667,725	\$1,347,652	\$ 1,986,821	\$ 1,486,048	\$ 492,472	\$ 3,965,340	\$ 113,810	\$ 3,759,078	\$ 206,263
15	\$ 1,703,703	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,036,491	\$ 1,523,199	\$ 504,784	\$ 4,064,474	\$ 115,517	\$ 3,823,940	\$ 240,534
16	\$ 1,740,467	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,087,404	\$ 1,561,279	\$ 517,403	\$ 4,166,086	\$ 117,250	\$ 3,890,521	\$ 275,565
17	\$ 1,778,034	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,139,589	\$ 1,600,311	\$ 530,338	\$ 4,270,238	\$ 119,009	\$ 3,958,865	\$ 311,373
18	\$ 1,816,422	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,193,078	\$ 1,640,319	\$ 543,597	\$ 4,376,994	\$ 120,794	\$ 4,029,018	\$ 347,976
19	\$ 1,855,650	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,247,905	\$ 1,681,327	\$ 557,187	\$ 4,486,419	\$ 122,606	\$ 4,101,027	\$ 385,391
20	\$ 1,895,735	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,304,103	\$ 1,723,360	\$ 571,116	\$ 4,598,579	\$ 124,445	\$ 4,174,942	\$ 423,637
21	\$ 1,936,697	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,361,706	\$ 1,766,444	\$ 585,394	\$ 4,713,544	\$ 126,311	\$ 4,250,811	\$ 462,733
22	\$ 1,978,555	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,420,748	\$ 1,810,605	\$ 600,029	\$ 4,831,382	\$ 128,206	\$ 4,328,686	\$ 502,696
23	\$ 2,021,329	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,481,267	\$ 1,855,870	\$ 615,030	\$ 4,952,167	\$ 130,129	\$ 4,408,620	\$ 543,547
24	\$ 2,065,039	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,543,299	\$ 1,902,267	\$ 630,406	\$ 5,075,971	\$ 132,081	\$ 4,490,665	\$ 585,306
25	\$ 2,109,707	\$1,347,652	\$ 2,606,881	\$ 1,949,824	\$ 646,166	\$ 5,202,870	\$ 134,062	\$ 4,574,878	\$ 627,992
									\$ 4,127,827

★ Major equipment replacement in year 13



50% Renewable Energy Observations

- ❑ Purchase to own “loan finance option” is feasible and provides a positive cashflow over 25-year term
- ❑ Loan amount is the total project budget “hard and soft” costs
- ❑ Total cost of electricity with renewables includes the annual “loan payment” plus annual “O&M costs” for solar + battery systems
- ❑ Saving in annual electricity bills offsets the total cost of electricity with renewables and provides positive cash flow after year 7
- ❑ The cash flow incorporates major equipment replacement in year 13
- ❑ Loan amount can be paid-off from a future local bond
- ❑ Solar providers can/will only guarantee the system performance if they self-maintain and operate the system – typically 25 years

Strategies and Recommendations

❑ Test the market

- Develop and issue an RFQ&P for multiple projects identified in the planning phase for all sites under GC 4217
- Ask solar providers to propose “alternative” innovative solutions

❑ Recommended renewable option is 50% with expansion to 100% overtime

❑ Invest in future energy saving and efficiency strategies:

- Infrastructure (5%-10%)
- Energy Conservation (5%-10%)
- Integrated Energy (10%-15%)

❑ For Riverside City College:

- Research off-campus community solar to achieve balance of energy goals
- Expansion of medium voltage loop to consolidate meters, batteries, PV energy flow

Preliminary Schedule

<input type="checkbox"/> RFQ/P		3 months	Mar 21 - May 21
<input type="checkbox"/> Finance loan application		2 months	May 21 - Jul 21
<input type="checkbox"/> Contract negotiation		3 months	May 21 - Jul 21
<input type="checkbox"/> Board approval		3 months	Aug 21 - Oct 21
<input type="checkbox"/> Due diligence		6 months	Nov 21 - Apr 22
<input type="checkbox"/> Design		3-9 months	Nov 21 - Jul 22
<input type="checkbox"/> Permit (DSA)	★	3-6 months	Jan 22 - Sep 22
<input type="checkbox"/> Construction	★	6-10 months	Apr 22 - Jun 23
<input type="checkbox"/> Commission	★	2 months	Oct 22 - Aug 23
<input type="checkbox"/> Operation	★	25 years	Nov 22 - Nov 48

★ Schedule varies and depends on final response to RFQP

SOLAR PLANNING FUNDING OPTIONS

Q & A